**ARTICLE TYPE**

**Manuscript Title**

**ABSTRACT**

IEEE format requires you to include an abstract at the start of your paper, followed by a list of index terms. In the “Styles” section in Microsoft Word, you can find the appropriate styles for all the different sections and headings in the paper, which are already applied here. For example, the “abstract” style is applied to this text, the “Index Terms” style to the next section. Note that the titles “Abstract” and “Index Terms” should remain as they are written here: followed by an em dash. (Abstract should be 250 words max.)

Index Terms—template, IEEE, format

# **THIS IS A LEVEL 1 HEADING**

This is the start of the body text of your paper. You can use headings like the one above to divide your paper into sub-topics. Use level 1 headings first, then level 2 headings if you need further divisions inside those, and so on. Don’t use a level of heading unless there will be at least two headings of that level. You don’t have to use any headings at all if it doesn’t make sense to divide your paper in that way. Appropriate numbering is automatically applied to headings. You don’t have to number them yourself, just make sure the right heading style is applied to each one. Level 1 and 2 headings (as well as the paper title) should be written with title case capitalization.

Use the enter key to start a new paragraph. The appropriate spacing and indent are automatically applied.

## **This Is a Level 2 Heading**

### **And This Is a Level 3 Heading**

### Equations should be typed in either Times New Roman or Symbol font. On the far right of the line containing the equation, number it in parentheses, and use this number to refer to it in the text (1). See the example below:

(1)

***This Is Another Level 3 Heading***

### The body text is one column, written in 12 pt. Times New Roman, and justified (meaning that the text is spaced in a way that makes the right edge line up neatly). All the appropriate formatting is automatically applied in this template. If anything goes wrong, you can reapply it using the “styles” section in Word.

#### **this is a level 4 heading:** It’s recommended to write your text in a separate document and then add it to this template once it’s complete. When copying text into the template from another document, make sure that the appropriate style is still applied to each section, reapplying styles if necessary.

1. This is a figure caption. It appears directly underneath the figure.

| Table Head | Table Column Head | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table column subhead | Subhead | Subhead |
| text | Texta |  |  |

#### **this is another level 4 heading:** It’s also possible to add bullet points when appropriate, using the “bullet list” style:

* Treat the word “data” as plural, not singular.
* For example, “the data indicate that …”

## **This Is Another Level 2 Heading**

Place any figures or tables you use at the top or bottom of a column. Don’t place them in the middle of a column. If particularly wide, a table or figure can span across both columns. Insert a table or figure after the point where it is first cited in the text.

When inserting a figure, such as a photograph or infographic, use 12 pt. Times New Roman for any labeling text within the image and for the figure caption. You can see an example of a figure caption

in Fig. 1, above. Refer to figures like that, using the abbreviation “Fig.” and the figure’s number.

A table heading (using the “table head” style) appears above a table. This will automatically number the table for you. Any footnotes appear below the table, using the “table footnote” style. Footnotes are indicated by superscript lowercase letters within the table. An example of a table can be seen in Table I, below.

# **THIS IS A LEVEL 1 HEADING**

All the headings in the main body of your paper are numbered (automatically).

Another type of heading is the “component heading”, which is used for other components that aren’t part of the main text. These are usually your acknowledgments and your references, which you can see examples of below. These headings are not numbered. The correct styling for them can be applied using the “Heading 5” style, which is the same as the “Heading 1” style but without numbering.

**TABLE I.**

**This Is the Heading for a Table**

1. This is a table footnote.

You can cite your references in text by including the corresponding number, in square brackets [1]. If you need to cite a specific part of the source, you can include a page number [2, p. 13] or range [3, pp. 41–56].

This template was adapted from those provided by the IEEE on their own website.

##### **REFERENCES**

1. D. V. Lindberg and H. K. H. Lee, “Optimization under constraints by applying an asymmetric entropy measure,” *J. Comput. Graph. Statist.*, vol. 24, no. 2, pp. 379–393, Jun. 2015, doi: 10.1080/10618600.2014.901225.

2. B. Rieder, *Engines of Order: A Mechanology of Algorithmic Techniques*. Amsterdam, Netherlands: Amsterdam Univ. Press, 2020.

3. I. Boglaev, “A numerical method for solving nonlinear integro-differential equations of Fredholm type,” *J. Comput. Math.*, vol. 34, no. 3, pp. 262–284, May 2016, doi: 10.4208/jcm.1512-m2015-0241.

**Manuscripts should be prepared in MS Word software with Times New Roman font, 12 pt, 1.5 line spacing, and double column.**

**Make sure to exclude all information that may indicate an individual or institution from the main document to ensure a blinded review process. Please add Declaration of Interests, Funding, Authors and Author Contributions to title page.**

**Both in-text citations and the references must be prepared according to IEEE Citation Style. To see more examples please visit details on** [**https://tepesjournal.org/en/instructions-to-authors-104**](https://tepesjournal.org/en/instructions-to-authors-104)**.**